



Stanford University Medical Center



A computerized score for the automated differentiation of usual interstitial pneumonia from regional volumetric texture analysis

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Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF)

- Most common type of interstitial lung disease (ILD)
- Confounding diagnoses of ILDs: >150!
 - Sarcoidosis, non-specific interstitial pneumonia, ...
- Multidisciplinary approach between experts in pulmonology, pathology and chest radiology [1]
- Often requires a surgical biopsy
 - Costly, invasive and risky:
 - Hemorrhage, lung collapse
 - Acute exacerbation of the lungs [2]











Radiology: usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP)

 Lung biopsy can be obviated when the clinical and radiographic (CT) impression are clearly suggestive of UIP [1]



[1] Raghu et al. An official ATS/ERS/JRS/ALAT statement: Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis: Evidence-based guidelines for diagnosis and management. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 183(6):788–824, 2011.





Objectives and experimental setup

- Computer-aided diagnosis for identifying classic UIPs:
 - No biopsy required for them!
- Derive a score from regional volumetric texture analysis
 - 3-D texture analysis
 - Basic anatomical atlas
- 33 patients with biopsy proven IPF
- Volumetric multiple detector CT (MDCT)
 - Acquired within the year of the biopsy
- Gold standard: consensus of two thoracic radiologists with more than 15 years of experience with ILDs

– 15 patients with classic UIP versus 18 patients with atypical UIP







Simple 3-D digital atlas of the lungs

• The lungs are split perpendicularly to 4 axes [3]

				intersections: 36 subregions
⊥ vertical	\perp axial	⊥ coronal	⊥ sagittal	
apical, central, basal	peripheral, middle, axial	left, right	anterior, posterior	

[3] Depeursinge et al., 3D lung image retrieval using localized features. In SPIE Medical Imaging 2011, vol. 7963, page 79632E, 2011. 5





Regional features and score

- **Texture:** 3-D Riesz filters [4] •
 - quantify the local amount of directional image patterns at multiple scales:









 $f(v_l)$







scales:

 $\overline{f}(v_l) > 0$

- Intensity hist. in $\{-1000; 600\}$ Hounsfield Units
 - 15 hist. bins
- Feature aggregation and score $f(v_l)$: •

 $f(v_l) = \langle \boldsymbol{w}, \boldsymbol{v}_l \rangle + b$ $f(v_l) > 0$: classic UIP

 $f(v_l) < 0$: atypical UIP







Results and discussion

• ROC analysis of the score and comparison with two fellows



- Importance of regional volumetric texture analysis
- the performance is comparable to cardiothoracic fellows with 1 year of specialization (computer score: 6 errors, fellows: 7 errors each)
- Demonstrate the potential benefits of our approach in centers without access to ILD experts to avoid unnecesary biopsies